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be certified by the master, owner, operator, or person in charge and kept in written form onboard the ship for at least two years. Copies of the records must be forwarded to the Coast Guard at least once each quarter, no later than the 15th day of January, April, July, and October. The record copies must be provided to the Coast Guard using only one of the following means:

(A) E-mail to DCRRecordkeeping@USCG.mil;

- (B) Fax to (202) 372–1926, ATTN: DCR RECORDKEEPING; or
- (C) Mail to U.S. Coast Guard: Commandant (CG-522), ATTN: DCR REC-ORDKEEPING, 2100 2nd St., SW., Stop 7126, Washington, DC 20593-7126.

[USCG-2004-19621, 73 FR 56498, Sept. 29, 2008, as amended by USCG-2010-0351, 75 FR 36284, June 25, 2010; USCG-2012-1049, 78 FR 13492, Feb. 28, 2013]

## § 151.67 Operating requirements: Discharge of plastic prohibited.

No person on board any ship may discharge into the sea, or into the navigable waters of the United States, plastic or garbage mixed with plastic, including, but not limited to, synthetic ropes, synthetic fishing nets, and plastic garbage bags. All garbage containing plastics requiring disposal must be discharged ashore or incinerated.

[CGD 88–002, 54 FR 18405, Apr. 28, 1989, as amended by CGD 88–002A, 55 FR 18583, May 2, 1990]

## § 151.69 Operating requirements: Discharge of garbage outside special areas.

- (a) Except for ships operating in the Great Lakes which must comply with section 151.66, when a ship is operating outside of a special area specified in §151.53, no person may discharge garbage into the sea, except as allowed in paragraphs (b) through (d) of this section.
- (b) The following allowed discharges of garbage shall only be conducted while the ship is en route and as far as practicable from the nearest land, but never less than—
- (1) 12 nautical miles for food wastes, except that, such food wastes may be discharged outside of 3 nautical miles from nearest land after they have been

processed with a grinder or comminuter specified in §151.75;

- (2) 12 nautical miles for cargo residues that cannot be recovered using commonly available methods for unloading. The discharged cargo residues must not be harmful to the marine environment; and
- (3) 100 nautical miles and the maximum water depth possible for animal carcasses. Discharge shall be conducted in accordance with the applicable International Maritime Organization guidelines.
- (c) Cleaning agents or additives contained in cargo hold, deck, and external surfaces wash water may be discharged only if these substances are not harmful to the marine environment.
- (d) Mixtures of garbage having different discharge requirements must be:
- (1) Retained on board for later disposal ashore; or
- (2) Discharged in accordance with the more stringent requirement prescribed by paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section.

[USCG-2012-1049, 78 FR 13492, Feb. 28, 2013]

## § 151.71 Operating requirements: Discharge of garbage within special areas.

- (a) When a ship is located within a special area referenced in §151.53 of this part, no person may discharge garbage into the water, except as allowed in this section.
- (b) Food wastes shall only be discharged while the ship is en route and—
- (1) As far as practicable from the nearest land or nearest ice shelf, but not less than 12 nautical miles from the nearest land or nearest ice shelf;
- (2) After having been processed with a grinder or comminuter specified in §151.75; and
- (3) Not contaminated by any other garbage type.
- (4) The discharge of introduced avian products, including poultry and poultry parts, is not permitted in the Antarctic area unless it has been treated to be made sterile.
- (c) Cargo residues that cannot be recovered using commonly available

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methods for unloading may be discharged where all the following conditions are satisfied:

- (1) The cargo residues, cleaning agents or additives contained in the cargo hold washing water do not contain any substances that are harmful to the marine environment.
- (2) Both the port of departure and the next port of destination must be within the special area and the ship will not transit outside of the special area when moving between those ports.
- (3) No adequate reception facilities are available at those ports.
- (4) When the conditions of paragraphs (c)(1) through (c)(3) of this section have been fulfilled, discharge of cargo hold washing water containing residues shall be made as far as practicable from the nearest land or the nearest ice shelf and not less than 12 nautical miles from the nearest land or the nearest ice shelf.
- (d) Cleaning agents or additives contained in deck and external surfaces wash water may be discharged only if those substances are not harmful to the marine environment.
- (e) Mixtures of garbage having different discharge requirements must be:
- (1) Retained on board for later disposal ashore; or
- (2) Discharged in accordance with the more stringent requirement prescribed by paragraphs (b) through (d) of this section.

[USCG-2012-1049, 78 FR 13492, Feb. 28, 2013]

# § 151.73 Operating requirements: Discharge of garbage from fixed or floating platforms.

- (a) Except as allowed in paragraph (b) of this section, no person may discharge garbage from—
- (1) A fixed or floating platform engaged in the exploration, exploitation or associated offshore processing of seabed mineral resources; or
- (2) Any ship within 500 meters (1650 feet) of such platforms.
- (b) Food waste may be discharged into the surrounding waters from a ship or fixed or floating platform regulated by paragraph (a) of this section if
- (1) It is processed with a grinder or comminuter meeting the standards in §151.75; and

(2) That ship or fixed or floating drilling rig or platform is beyond 12 nautical miles from nearest land.

[CGD 88–002, 54 FR 18405, Apr. 28, 1989, as amended by USCG–2012–1049, 78 FR 13493, Feb. 28, 2013]

#### § 151.75 Grinders or comminuters.

Each grinder or comminuter used to discharge garbage in accordance with §151.69(b)(1), §151.71(b)(2), or §151.73(b)(1), must be capable of processing garbage so that it passes through a screen with openings no greater than 25 millimeters (one inch).

[CGD 88–002, 54 FR 18405, Apr. 28, 1989, as amended by USCG–2012–1049, 78 FR 13493, Feb. 28, 2013]

### § 151.77 Exceptions for emergencies and health risks.

Sections 151.67, 151.69, 151.71, and 151.73 do not apply to the following:

- (a) Discharges of garbage from a ship necessary for the purpose of securing the safety of a ship and those on board or saving life at sea.
- (b) The accidental loss of garbage resulting from damage to a ship or its equipment, provided that all reasonable precautions have been taken before and after the occurrence of the damage, to prevent or minimize the accidental loss.
- (c) The accidental loss of fishing gear from a ship, provided all reasonable precautions have been taken to prevent such loss.
- (d) The discharge of fishing gear from a ship for the protection of the marine environment or for the safety of that ship or its crew.
- (e) The en route requirements of §§ 151.69 and 151.71 do not apply to the discharge of food wastes when it is clear the retention on board of these food wastes present an imminent health risk to the people on board.

[USCG-2012-1049, 78 FR 13493, Feb. 28, 2013]

## §151.79 Operating requirements: Discharge of sewage within Antarctica.

(a) A vessel certified to carry more than 10 persons must not discharge untreated sewage into the sea within 12 nautical miles of Antarctic land or ice shelves; beyond such distance, sewage stored in a holding tank must not be